The Factors Affecting Rule breaking in the Suburbs of Mashhad City

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Abstract

The marginalization is one of the factors contributing to lawbreaking and interconnectivity of metropolitan security, which is the birth of inappropriate economic and social planning. The purpose of this article is to evaluate the rate of legalization and explain some of the factors affecting it in marginal and suburban areas of Mashhad. The research method is descriptive-analytical and its statistical population is all people in the suburbs of Mashhad. Of these, 5 regions and 383 marginalized individuals were selected as samples. Data were analyzed and analyzed by SPSS software. The results indicate a significant degree of legalization with an average of 2.9. Also, the correlation between religious factors (other than adherence to religious rituals), the feeling of equality (except for respecting the rights of ethnicities, the superiority of the law on relationship and meritocracy), the sense of efficiency and the sense of alienation (with the exception of sensational sensation) are statistically significant. The results indicate a significant weakness in the foundations of knowledge and knowledge, economic and productive foundations, as well as institutional mechanisms in allocating and distributing capital and facilities, all of which lie within the framework of an unconventional military system based on the experience and everyday life events and personal interest-oriented tendencies, Has led to erosion laws in the area.

Key words: Legitimating, alienation, efficiency, marginalization, deviant behavior

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